

# Data, Data, Everywhere— How Shall We Live With It?

Cybersecurity Lessons  
From Studying Big Data and Privacy

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RAND (*but not a RAND talk*)

<http://hdl.handle.net/2022/21733>

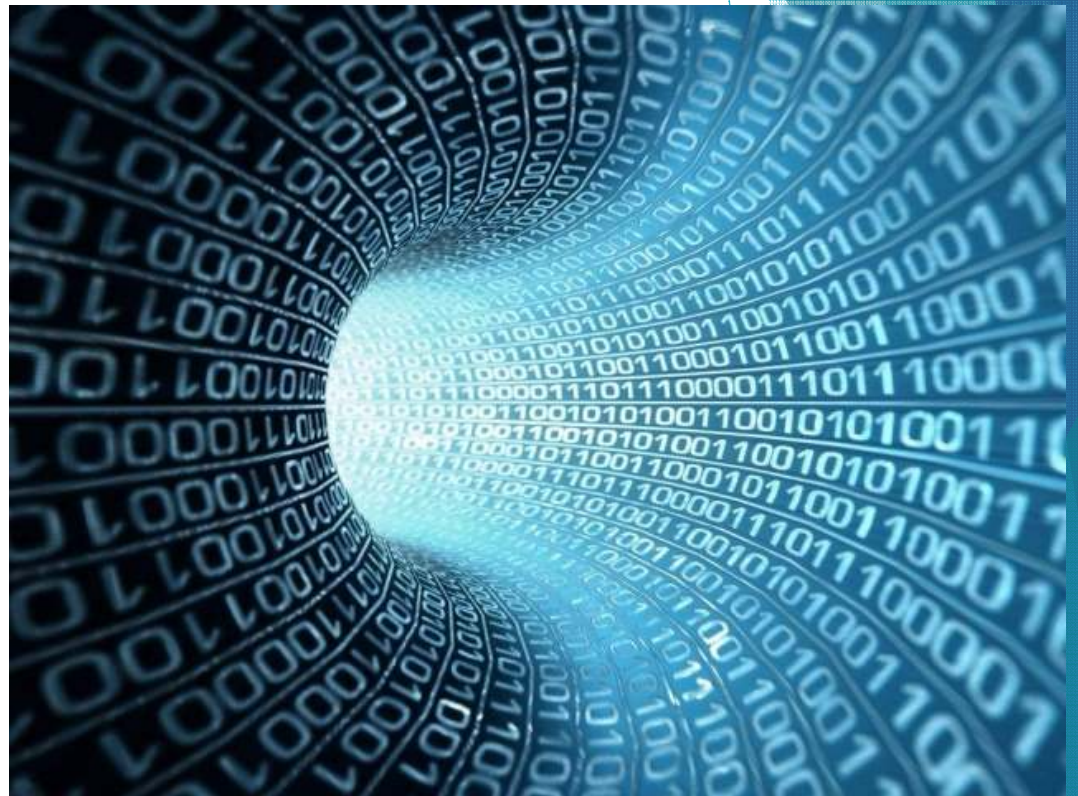
## Outline

- ▶ Why Big Data matters—a privacy-and-provenance perspective
- ▶ Through the lens of key domains
- ▶ Cybersecurity in/as context
- ▶ Moving forward

# What Makes Big Data Special?

## Why Does It Challenge Privacy?

- ▶ Dimensions of big-ness
  - ▶ Quantity and variety of data (3 Vs)
  - ▶ Scale of analysis (“analytics”)
- ▶ Big data is dual use



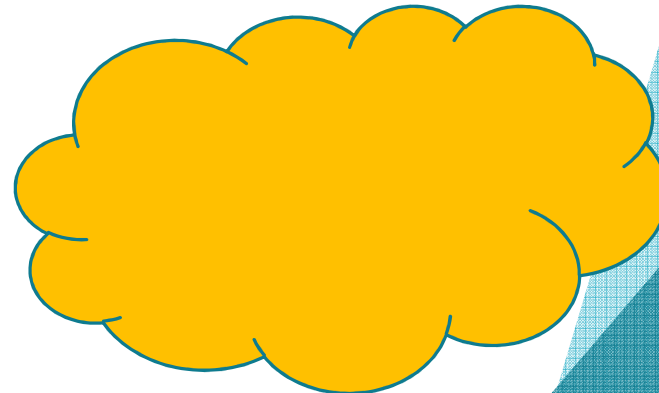
# Feeding Those Vs and Privacy Concerns: People Emit Data Continuously . . .

*Born digital*

*Born analog*

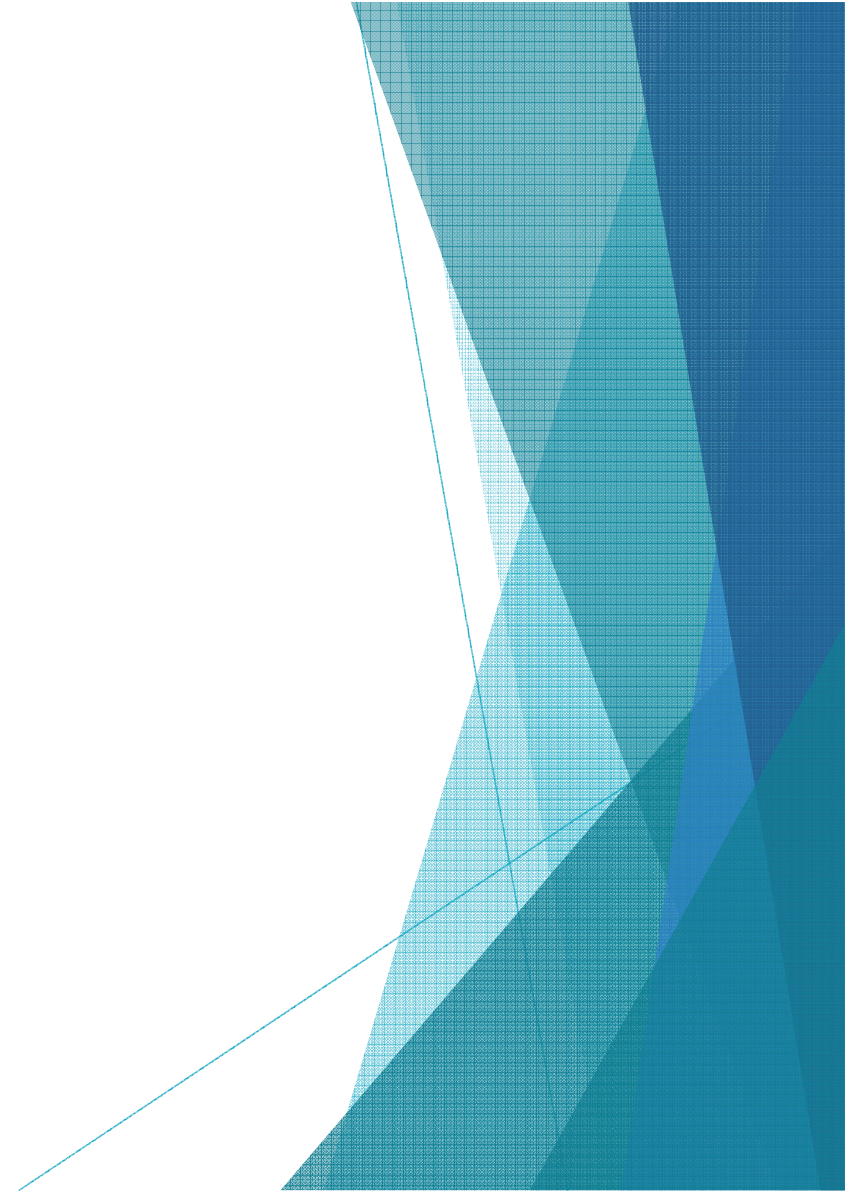
## *Over-collection?*

- ▶ Collection increasingly easy
- ▶ Cloud as dominant platform





# Key Domains



# Online Education Platforms



Source: College Informations, "Online Education Master Degree"  
<http://collegeinformations.com/tag/online-education/>

# Health Care, Including mHealth



Source: UT School of Biomedical Informatics, "Emerging Trends in mHealth"  
<https://sbmi.uth.edu/blog/jan-15/01142015.htm>

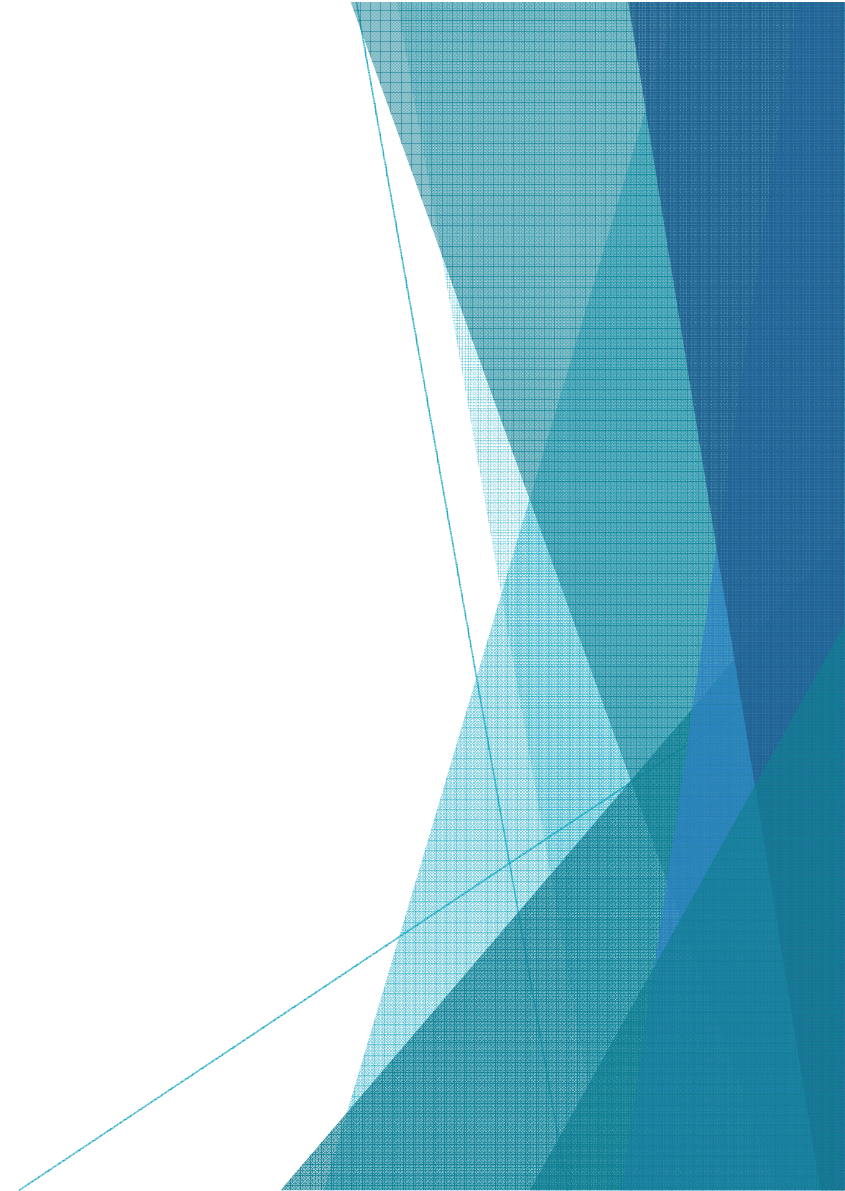
# Technology in the Home



Source: Geekologie roomba-floor-plans-for-sale.jpg



What Is To Be Done?



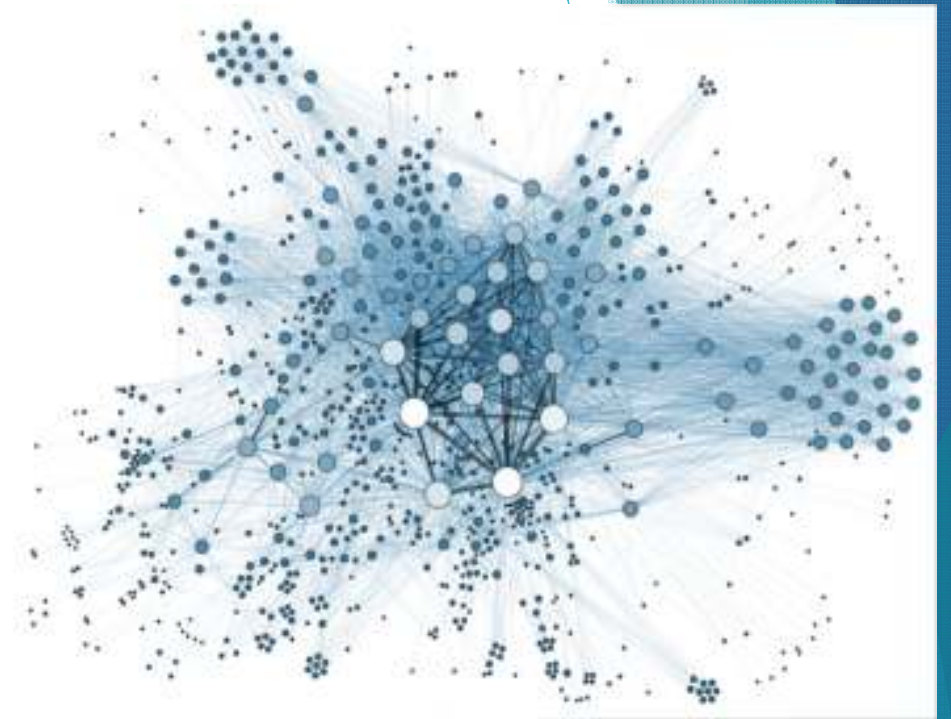
# Cybersecurity: Necessary But Not Sufficient *to Protect Privacy*

- ▶ Cybersecurity technologies enforce policies...
- ▶ Cloud pros and cons



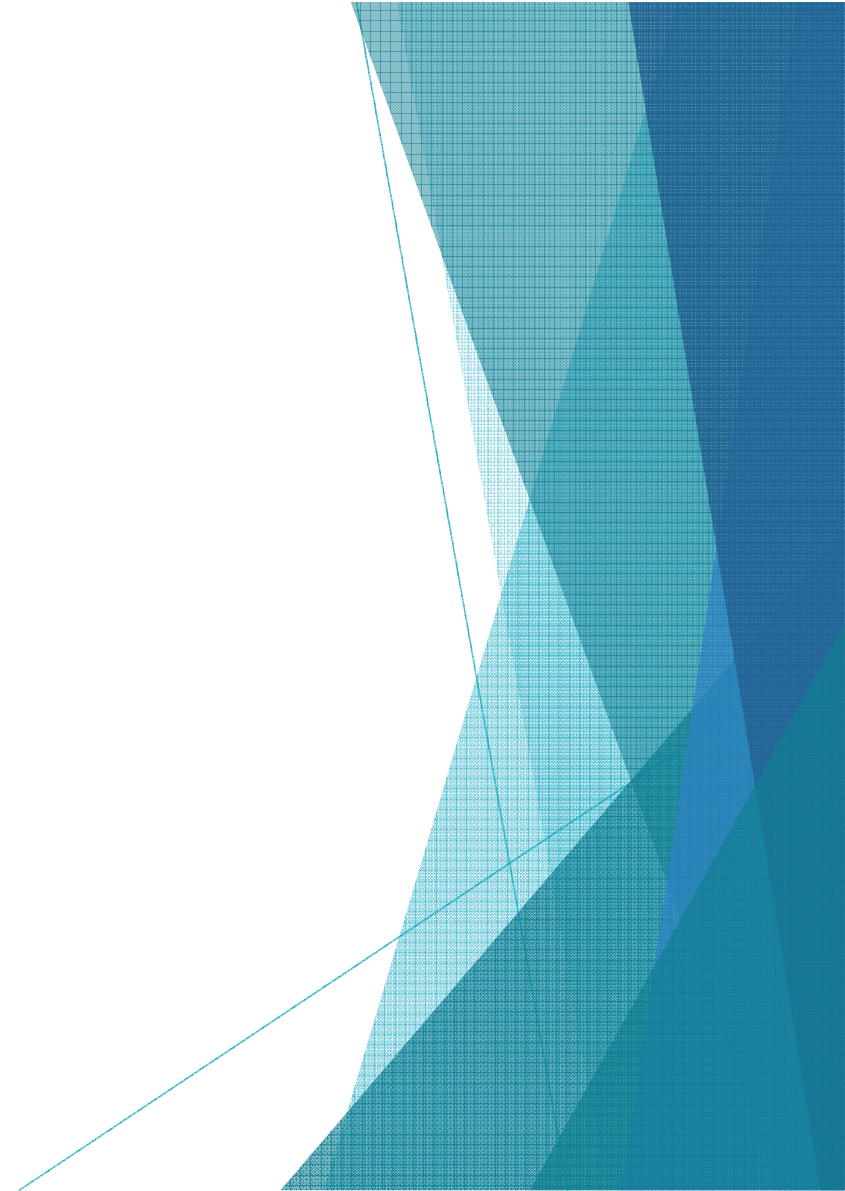
# Analytics Can Violate Privacy W/O Security Violations

- ▶ Data fusion and integration
- ▶ Data mining and machine learning (“AI”)
- ▶ Techniques for classifying/finding relationships
- ▶ Image/speech recognition
- ▶ Social-network analysis



# Cybersecurity Components

- ▶ Confidentiality
- ▶ Availability
- ▶ Integrity
  - ▶ *Fourth V: Veracity?*

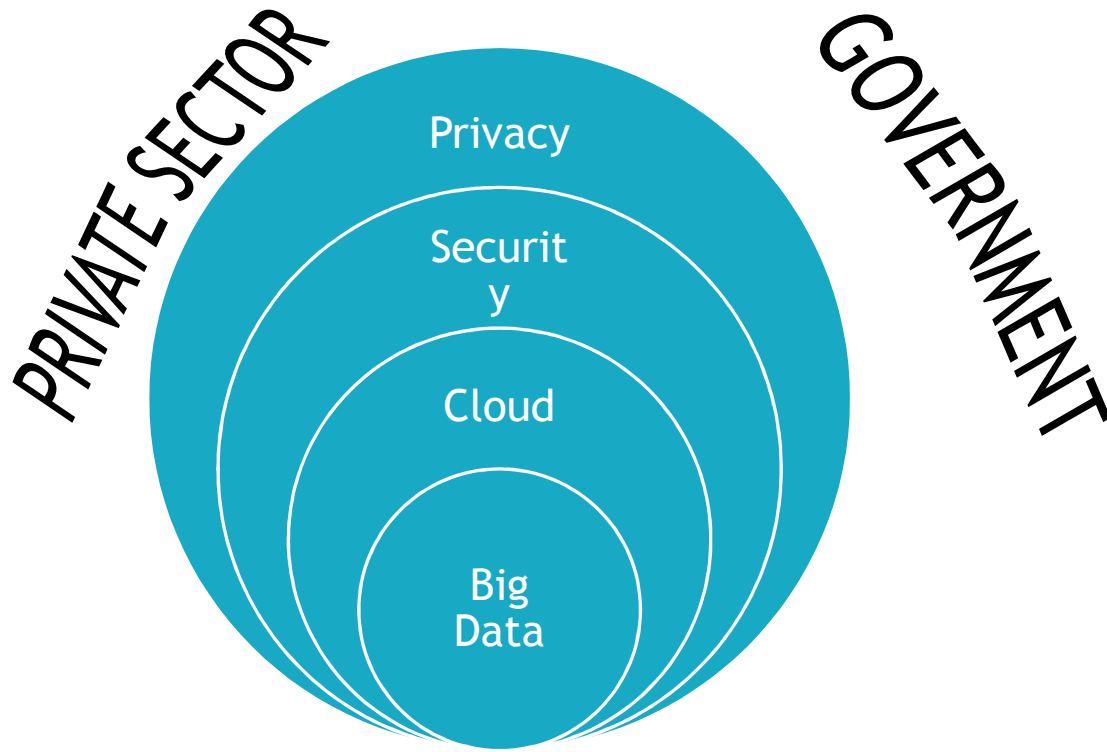




# Tools for Privacy Protection

- ▶ Cryptography and encryption
- ▶ Anonymization and de-identification
- ▶ Data deletion and ephemerality

# A Systems Problem . . .



## One View on Moving Forward: PCAST's Recommendations

1. Focus more on actual uses, less on collection
2. Design policy around outcomes, not specific technologies
3. Strengthen U.S. research in privacy-related technologies and relevant social science
4. Promote increased education and training for privacy protection
5. The U.S. Government should lead by example, sustain a leading position

Questions?

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Thank You

An abstract graphic on the right side of the slide, consisting of overlapping triangles and polygons in various shades of blue, from light sky blue to deep navy blue. The pattern is geometric and modern.



# Podesta Recommendations, Aftermath

1. Advance the Consumer Privacy Bill of Rights
2. Pass National Data Breach Legislation
3. Extend Privacy Protections to Non-U.S. Persons
4. Ensure Data Collected on Students in School is used for Educational Purposes
5. Expand Technical Expertise to Stop Discrimination
6. Amend the Electronic Communications Privacy Act